

Amendments to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072

“ANNEX 2 List of GB quarantine pests PART A

C. Insects and mites

Add: 51A *Eotetranychus sexmaculatus* (Riley) [TETRSM]

Add: 96A *Platypus apicalis* (White) [PLTPAP]

Add: 115A *Scolytus morawitzi* Semenov [SCOLMO]

PART B Pests known to occur in Great Britain

Insects and mites

1. *Thaumetopoea processionea* L. [THAUPR]

“ANNEX 2A List of provisional GB quarantine pests

A. Fungi and oomycetes

B. Insect and mites

Add: 1. *Agrilus horni* (Kerremans) [EPPO code to be confirmed]

Delete: 2A. *Aonidiella orientalis* (Newstead) [AONDOR]

Delete: 4A. *Eotetranychus sexmaculatus* (Riley) [TETRSM]

Add: 5A. *Lycorma delicatula* (White) [LYCMDE]

Add: 4A. *Chrysobothris femorata* (Olivier) [CHRBFE]

Delete: 7A. *Platypus apicalis* (White) [PLTPAP]

Delete: 11. *Scolytus morawitzi* Semenov [SCOLMO]

Add new table:

Bacteria

1. *Diaporthe phaseolorum* var. *sojae* Lehman [DIAPPS];

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2. *Pseudomonas avellanae* Janse et al. [PSDMAL]

Add new table:

Nematodes

1. *Meloidogyne arenaria* (Neal) Chitwood [MELGAR]
2. *Meloidogyne enterolobii* Yang & Eisenback [MELGMY]
3. *Meloidogyne javanica* (Treub) Chitwood [MELGJA]
4. *Xiphinema index* Thorne & Allen [XIPHIN]

C. Viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas

Add: 1A. Chilli veinal mottle virus [CHIVMV]

“ANNEX 3

List of PFA quarantine pests and GB pest-free areas

Delete: Entry 4 in the table relating to *Thaumetopoea processionea*

ANNEX 4

List of GB regulated non-quarantine pests and their respective plants for planting

Part H table ‘Fungi and oomycetes’ delete the row which relates to *Diaporthe caulivora* (Athow & Caldwell) J.M. Santos, Vrandecic & A.J.L. Phillips [DIAPPC]; *Diaporthe phaseolorum var. sojae* Lehman [DIAPPS];

Part H table ‘Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas’ entry for Leek yellow stripe virus, in column 2 add: *Allium porrum* L.

Part I table ‘Bacteria’: delete the row which relates to *Pseudomonas avellanae*

Part I table ‘Nematodes’: delete the row which relates to *Heterodera fici*, *Meloidogyne Arenaria*, *Meloidogyne javanica* and *Xiphinema index*

“ANNEX 5

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on specific plants for planting

Part H table ‘Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas’ entry for Leek yellow stripe virus, in column 2 add: *Allium porrum* L.

Part H table delete row relating to *Diaporthe caulivora* (*Diaporthe phaseolorum* var. *caulivora*)

Part H table delete row relating to *Diaporthe* var. *sojae*

“ANNEX 6

List of plants, plant products and other objects which may not be introduced into Great Britain if originating or dispatched from certain third countries

PART B

List of high-risk plants, plant products and other objects from third countries which may not be introduced into Great Britain pending a risk assessment

Add: 5. Plants of *Abies*, *Pinus*, *Picea*, *Larix* and *Tsuga* originating from Russia

“ANNEX 7

List of plants, plant products and other objects originating from third countries and the corresponding special requirements for their introduction into Great Britain

PART A

Plants, plant products and other objects originating in third countries which may only be introduced into Great Britain if special requirements are met

Changes to existing point

Point 11 needs to be restructured, to ensure the following is included on the PC:

One of the following statements (a, b or c) need to be met for the plants:

(a) that they originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM No. 4, is known to be free from *Bemisia tabaci* Genn.

(b) that no signs of *Bemisia tabaci* Genn. have been observed on plants at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least once every three weeks during the nine weeks prior to export, or

(c) that in cases where *Bemisia tabaci* Genn. has been found at the place of production:

- (i) the plants held or produced at the place of production have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from *Bemisia tabaci* Genn. and
- (ii) subsequently this place of production has been found free from *Bemisia tabaci* Genn. as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aimed at eradicating *Bemisia tabaci* Genn. in official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production, the last of which was carried out immediately prior to movement,

In addition, regardless of which of the above statements have been, met those plants need to have been produced from cutting which meet **one** of the following statements:

- (a) originate in an area which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM4, is known to be free from *Bemisia tabaci* (Gennadius),
- (b) have been grown at a place of production where no signs of *Bemisia tabaci* (Gennadius) have been observed on official inspections carried out at least once every three weeks during the whole production period of these plants,
- (c) in cases where *Bemisia tabaci* (Gennadius) has been found at the place of production, have been grown on plants held or produced at the place of production having undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from *Bemisia tabaci* (Gennadius) and subsequently this place of production has been found free from *Bemisia tabaci* (Gennadius) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aimed at eradicating *Bemisia tabaci* (Gennadius), in official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production, the last of which was carried out immediately prior to movement, and in monitoring procedures throughout the period

There will also be a standalone option for finished plants, which does not require any of the above requirements to be met:

in the case of plants for which there is evidence from their packing or their flower (or bract) development or by other means that they are intended for direct sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production, an official statement that the plants have been officially inspected and found free from *Bemisia tabaci* (Gennadius) prior to their movement

Point 13 Column 3 after para (b) add 'or'

Point 40 add point (e)

'an official statement that, in the case of plants for which there is evidence from their packaging, their flower development or from other means, that they are intended for direct sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production, they have been officially inspected immediately prior to

export and found free from *Liriomyza huidobrensis* (Blanchard) and *Liriomyza tiliifolia* (Burgess).

Point 45 column 2 after 'Any third country' add

'where *Cronartium* spp., with the exception of *Cronartium gentianaeum* Thümen, *Cronartium pini* (Willdenow) Jørstad and *Cronartium ribicola* Fischer, Nickle is known to occur'

Delete: Point 93B which relates to Bare-rooted, dormant grafted plants for planting with a maximum diameter of 2.5 cm of *Albizia julibrissin* Durazzini

Point 95 column 3 after (c) (iii) add

(iv) information ensuring the traceability of the plants to their site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export; and

(v) the specified plants have been produced in a production site which is provided with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Spodoptera frugiperda* (Smith);

(d) an official statement that they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they comply with points (c)(i to iv) and have been subjected to an effective treatment to ensure freedom from *Spodoptera frugiperda* (Smith); or

(e) an official statement that they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from *Spodoptera frugiperda* (Smith) and the treatment is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.

* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration"

New points

	(1) <i>Description of plants, plant products and other objects</i>	(2) <i>Origin</i>	(3) <i>Special requirements</i>
48A	Plants for planting, other than fruits and seeds, of <i>Quercus</i>	All third countries	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement:

L., of a girth of at least 8 cm measured at a height of 1.2 m from the root collar

(a) that the plants have been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries where *Thaumetopoea processionea* L. is not known to occur,

(b) that the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area free from *Thaumetopoea processionea* L. established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from *Thaumetopoea processionea* L., or

(c) that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Thaumetopoea processionea* L. and have been inspected at appropriate times and found to be free from *Thaumetopoea processionea* L.

115A Wood of *Abies*,
Pinus, *Picea*, *Larix*
and *Tsuga* other
than in the form of:

— chips, particles,
sawdust, shavings,
wood waste and
scrap obtained in
whole or part from
these conifers

—wood packaging
material, except
associated
controlled dunnage,

but including wood
which has not kept
its natural round
surface

Russia

The wood must be accompanied by an official statement:

(a) that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM No. 4, is known to be free from *Polygraphus proximus* Blandford,

(b) that it is bark free,

(c) that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule,

(d) that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood,

(e) that it has been subject to fumigation**, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate

or

(f) that it has undergone appropriate ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.

* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration"

**A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation.

Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.

Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (d), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.

115B	Wood of <i>Larix</i> other than in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers —wood packaging material, except associated controlled dunnage, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	Russia	The wood must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM No. 4, is known to be free from <i>Scolytus morawitzi</i> Semenov., (b) that it is bark free, (c) that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, (d) that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30
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continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood,

(e) that it has been subject to fumigation**, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate

or

(f) that it has undergone appropriate ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.

* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration"

**A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation.

Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.

Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (d), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.

115C	Wood of Conifer (Pinales) in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in	Russia	The wood must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM No. 4, is known to be free from <i>Polygraphus proximus</i> Blandford and <i>Scolytus morawitzi</i> Semenov.,
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whole or part from
Conifers

(b) that it has been produced from wood which is bark free,

(c) that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.

(d) that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood,

or

(e) that it has been subject to fumigation**, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate

* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration"

**A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation.

Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (c), there must also be evidence of that kiln-drying by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.

Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in point (d), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.

115D	Isolated bark of Conifer (Pinales)	Russia	<p>The bark must be accompanied by an official statement:</p> <p>(a) that it originates in an area* which, in accordance with the measures specified in ISPM No. 4, is known to be free from <i>Polygraphus proximus</i> Blandford and <i>Scolytus morawitzi</i> Semenov.,</p> <p>(b) that it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the bark,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) that it has been subject to fumigation**, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate</p> <p>* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading “Additional declaration”</p> <p>**A phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation.</p> <p>Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in paragraph (c), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark “HT” on the phytosanitary certificate.</p>
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“ANNEX 8

List of plants, plant products and other objects originating in a CD territory or Great Britain and the special requirements for their introduction into Great Britain from a CD territory or their movement within Great Britain

Part A

New point

	(1) Description of plants, plant products or other objects	(2) Special requirements
20	Plants for planting, other than fruits and seeds, of <i>Quercus</i> L., of a girth of at least 8 cm measured at a height of 1.2 m from the root collar	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Thaumetopoea processionea</i> L. established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area that is free from <i>Thaumetopoea processionea</i> L., or (b) that the plants have been grown throughout their life in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Thaumetopoea processionea</i> L. and have been inspected at appropriate times and found to be free from <i>Thaumetopoea processionea</i> L.

“ANNEX 10

List of plants, plant products and other objects to be introduced into, or moved within, GB pest-free areas and corresponding special requirements

Delete: The table in Annex 10, this will leave the Annex blank.